

"BREXIT AND THE EXIT FROM THE EUROPEAN UNION"

Daniel Davies Samuele Fani Marina Avdjieva Lorenzo de Berardinis







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THE PRIME MINISTER

29 March 2017

Dear Provident Took

On 23 June last year, the people of the United Kingdom voted to leave the European Union. As I have said before, that decision was no rejection of the values we share as fellow Europeans. Nor was it an attempt to do harm to the European Union or any of the remaining member states. On the contrary, the United Kingdom wants the European Union to succeed and prosper. Instead, the referendum was a vote to restore, as we see it, our national self-determination. We are leaving the European Union, but we are not leaving Europe – and we want to remain committed partners and allies to our friends across the continent.

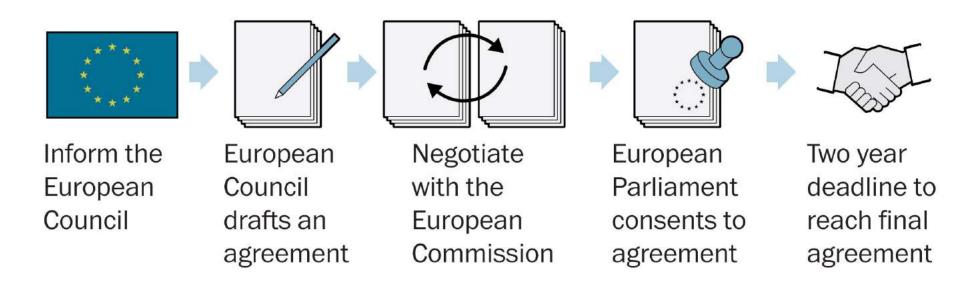
Earlier this month, the United Kingdom Parliament confirmed the result of the referendum by voting with clear and convincing majorities in both of its Houses for the European Union (Notification of Withdrawal) Bill. The Bill was passed by Parliament on 13 March and it received Royal Assent from Her Majesty The Queen and became an Act of Parliament on 16 March.

Today, therefore, I am writing to give effect to the democratic decision of the people of the United Kingdom. I hereby notify the European Council in accordance with Article 50(2) of the Treaty on European Union of the United Kingdom's intention to withdraw from the European Union. In addition, in accordance with the same Article 50(2) as applied by Article 106a of the Treaty Establishing the European Atomic Energy Community, I hereby notify the European Council of the United Kingdom's intention to withdraw from the European Atomic Energy Community. References in this letter to the European Union should therefore be taken to include a reference to the European Atomic Energy Community.





STEPS TO LEAVING THE EU



ARTICLE 50

- 1. Any Member State may decide to withdraw from the Union in accordance with its own constitutional requirements.
- 2. A Member State which decides to withdraw shall notify the European Council of its intention. In the light of the guidelines provided by the European Council, the Union shall negotiate and conclude an agreement with that State, setting out the arrangements for its withdrawal, taking account of the framework for its future relationship with the Union. That agreement shall be negotiated in accordance with Article 218(3) of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union. It shall be concluded on behalf of the Union by the Council, acting by a qualified majority, after obtaining the consent of the European Parliament.
- 3. The Treaties shall cease to apply to the State in question from the date of entry into force of the withdrawal agreement or, failing that, two years after the notification referred to in paragraph 2, unless the European Council, in agreement with the Member State concerned, unanimously decides to extend this period.
 - **4**. For the purposes of paragraphs 2 and 3, the member of the European Council or of the Council representing the withdrawing Member State shall not participate in the discussions of the European Council or Council or in decisions concerning it.

A qualified majority shall be defined in accordance with Article 238(3)(b) of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union.

5. If a State which has withdrawn from the Union asks to rejoin, its request shall be subject to the procedure referred to in Article 49.

ARTICLE 49

Any European State which respects the values referred to in Article 2 and is committed to promoting them may apply to become a member of the Union. The European Parliament and national Parliaments shall be notified of this application. The applicant State shall address its application to the Council, which shall act unanimously after consulting the Commission and after receiving the assent of the European Parliament, which shall act by an absolute majority of its component members. The conditions of admission and the adjustments to the Treaties on which the Union is founded, which such admission entails, shall be the subject of an agreement between the Member States and the applicant State. This agreement shall be submitted for ratification by all the contracting States in accordance with their respective constitutional requirements. The conditions of eligibility agreed upon by the European Council shall be taken into account.









Free

and

transparent

press

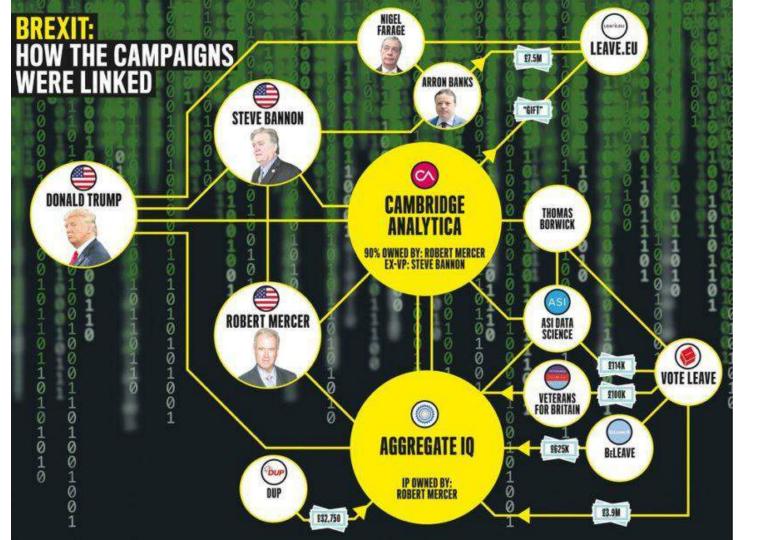




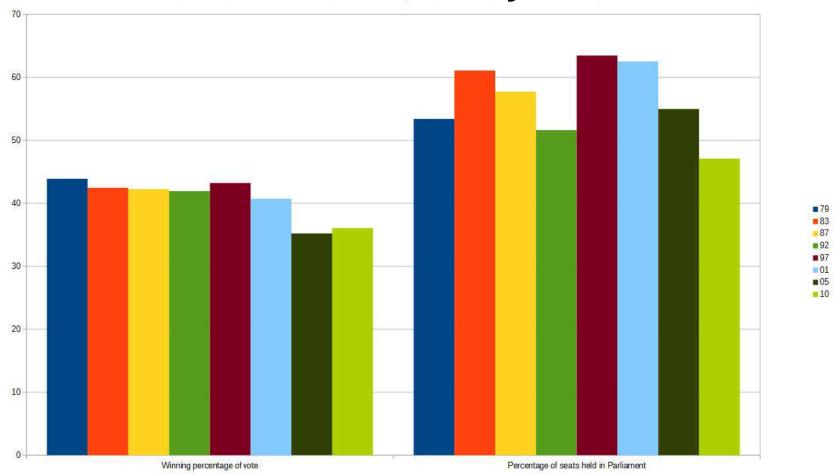
AS THERESA May promises a full public inquiry into how the Grenfell Tower went up in flames killing at least 17 people, the fire risk of the building's cladding has come into

HISTORY





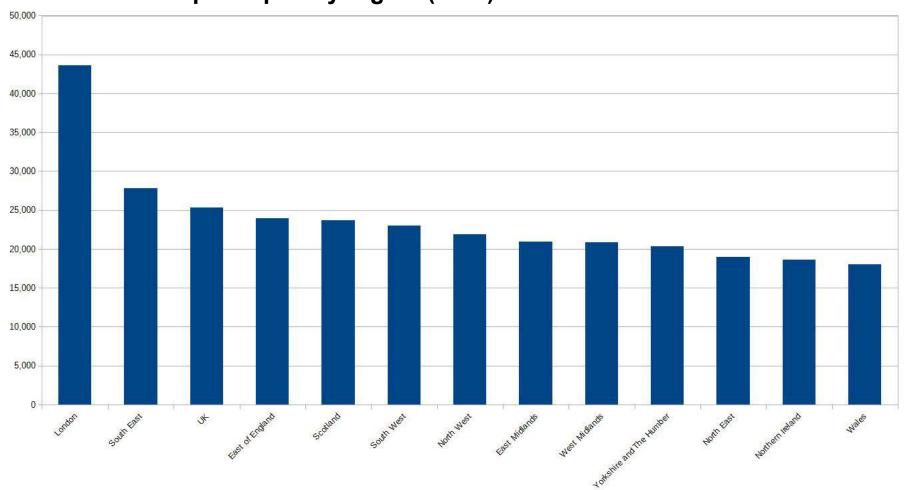
The UK is a model democracy

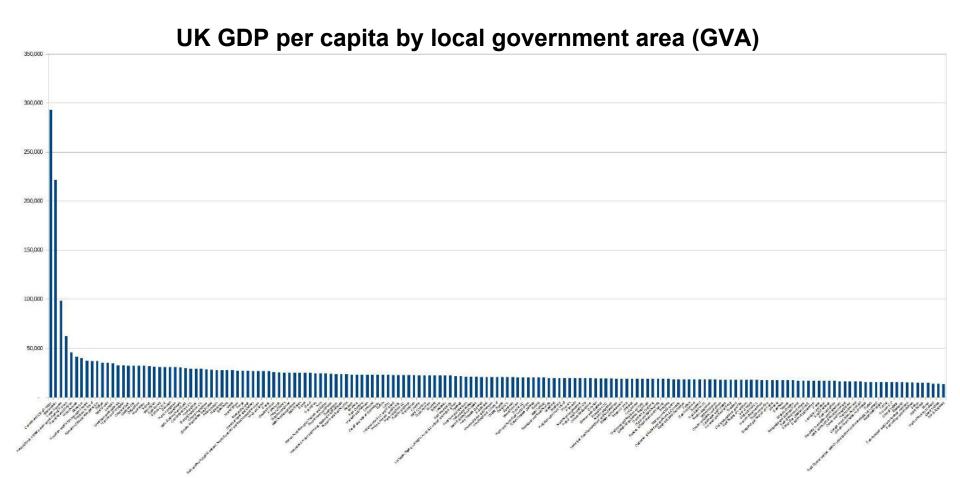




GDP per	capita E	Europe											
Mode		******	AUG	Africa	Assets C	20		Andorra	38715,36	Dec/13	37968	49616	32634
World	Europe	America	Asia	Africa				European Union	35632.22	Dec/16	35100	35632	10064
Country		Last			Previous	Highest	Lowest	Italy	34283.70	Dec/16	33912	38237	10868
Luxembourg		111000.96		Dec/16	109047	111988	27086	20.00000	31449.55		30461	32460	7380
Norway		89818.32		Dec/16	89619	91594	23177	Spain	31445.00	Dec/16	30401	32400	1300
Switzerland		75725.65		Dec/16	75573	75800	54030	Cyprus	28325.44	Dec/16	27587	32652	7618
Ireland		68787.14		Dec/16	64784	66787	12324	Malta	26577.45	Dec/16	25599	26577	3743
Denmark		60268.23		Dec/16	60001	61175	21076	Slovenia	24356.94	Dec/16	23780	25447	15063
Sweden		58319.05			55163			Greece	22736.46	Dec/16	22578	30055	6780
Netherlands		52111.47		Dec/16 Dec/16	51255	58319 52118	18143	Portugal	22347.03	Dec/16	21968	22830	4508
			48813.89				11485	Czech Republic	21707.49	Dec/16	21225	21707	12277
Iceland				Dec/16	45820	48614		Slovakia	19237.95	Dec/16	18843	19238	7878
Austria		47703.91 De		Dec/16	47630	47943	13087						
Finland		45709.08		Dec/16	45212	49364	12195	Estonia	17853.40	Dec/16	17592	17853	7314
German	Germany		45551.51		45254	45552	19625	Lithuania	15872.72	Dec/16	15342	15873	5322
Belgium	1	45308.24		Dec/16	45068	45308	13171	Poland	15048.98	Dec/16	14842	15049	5511
France		42013.29		Dec/16	41690	42013	12991	Hungary	14840,39	Dec/16	14519	14840	8507
United I	Kingdom	41602.98		Dec/16	41184	41603	13869	Latvia	14714.67	Dec/16	14308	14715	5133
Euro Are	Euro Area		05.31	Dec/16	38588	39105	10807	Croatia	14372.07	Dec/16	13853	14779	8475

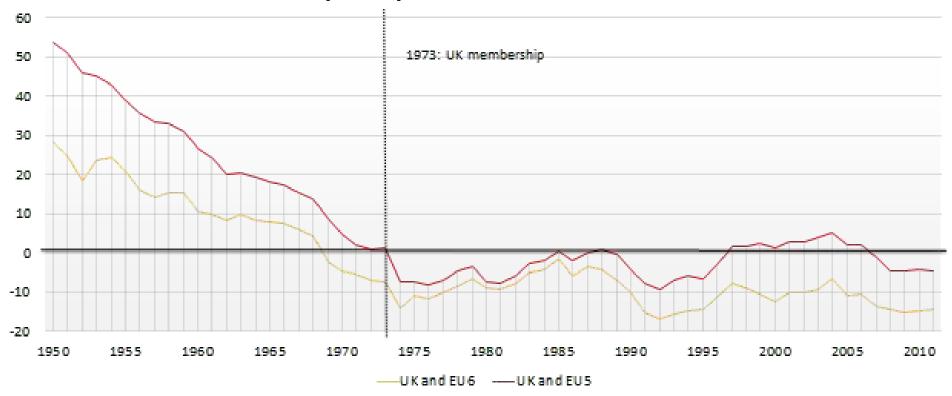
UK GDP per capita by region (GVA)







GDP per capita, UK vs EU



FAKE CAMPAIGN BASED ON...

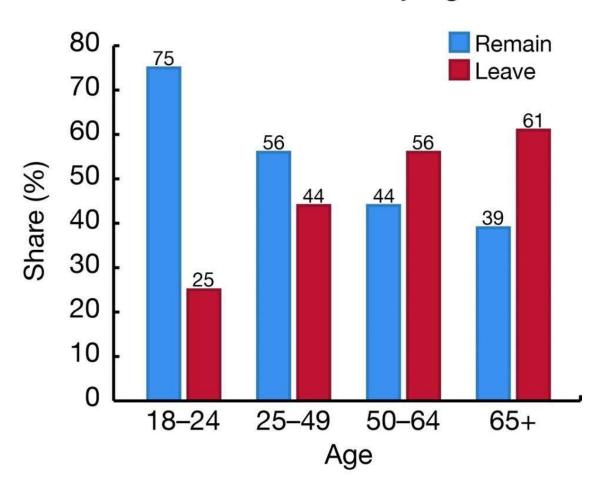


...LIES

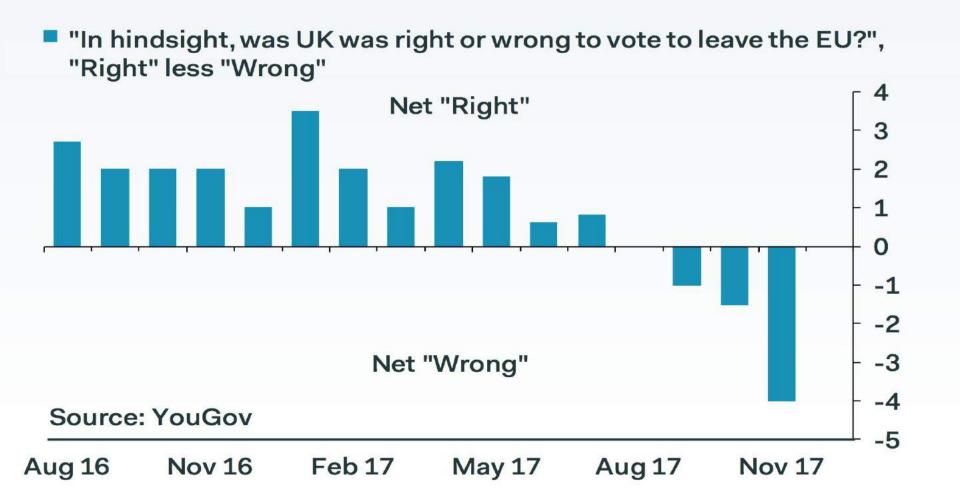




Brexit Vote by Age



A MAJORITY NOW THINKS BRITAIN WAS "WRONG" TO VOTE FOR BREXIT





Gina Miller case and the Brexit **Justice**







Fury over 'out of touch' judges who defied 17.4m Brexit voters and could trigger constitutional crisis

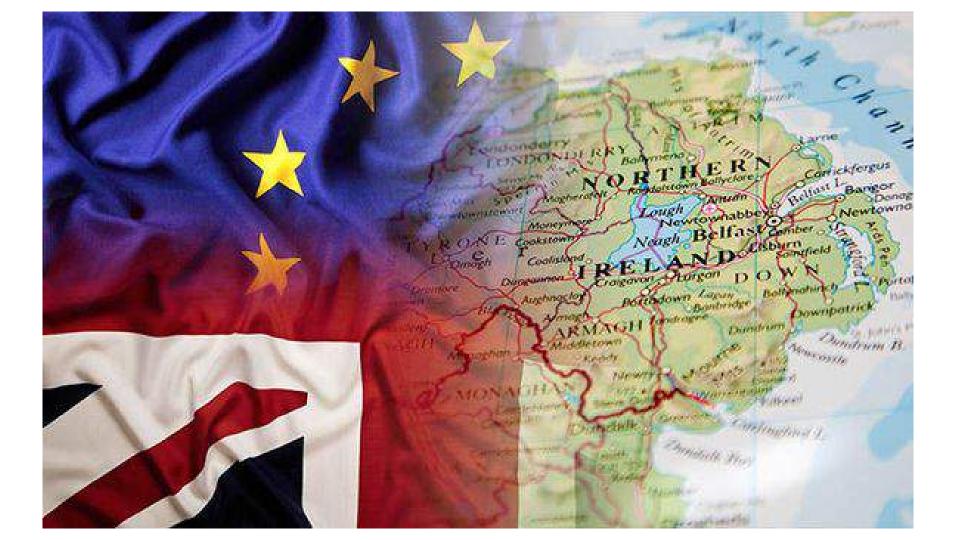
MPS last night tore into an une- By James Slack Political Editor lected panel of 'out of touch' judges for ruling that embittered Remain supporters in Parliament should be allowed to frustrate the overwhelming verdict of the British public.
The Lord Chief Justice and two senior col-

into chaos Mrs May's timetable for invoking article

by James Slack Pottosi fottors

Singues were accused of putting Bittain on secure for a fail bloom venstitutional crisis by some secure for a fail bloom venstitutional crisis by some secure for a fail bloom venstitutional crisis by some secure for a fail bloom venstitutional crisis by the secure for a fail bloom venstitutional crisis by the secure for the secure of the secure o









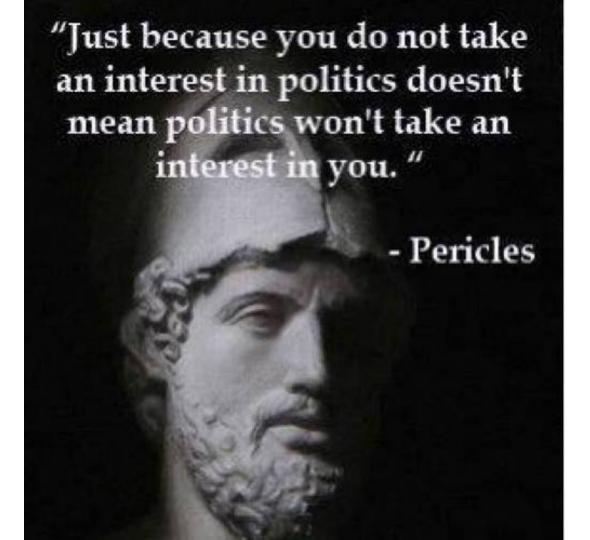
Telegraph MORNING EDITION

SHARE OF SHARE

July 28, 2005 ... 36 years of IRA violence is finally over



TWENTY PAGES OF REACTION AND ANALYSIS INSIDE



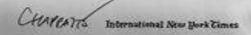
"Freedom is the sure possession of those alone who have the courage to defend it."

EU COUNTRY EXIT #NAMES



Poland and Hungary: A bigger threat to the EU than Brexit?







Let us first establish the facts...

- As in most European countries, the Polish Constitutional Court is a powerful institution. It
 has sole authority to declare laws unconstitutional.
- The previous government had to deal with an unusual situation the retirement of 5
 judges (out of 15) of the Constitutional court.
- It passed a law allowing the outgoing parliament to choose the replacing judges which allowed the election on two judges.
- The Constitutional Court decided the law was unconstitutional and so the other three were elected properly.
- What the current government in Poland (Law and Justice) did was pass a resolution invalidating the election of the newly elected five judges, without waiting for the court's decision.
- The president backed up the decision of the government by swearing in four of the newly recruited judges.
- This move was considered to make sense only if the goal is the complete political takeover of the court.

A threat to the rule of law?

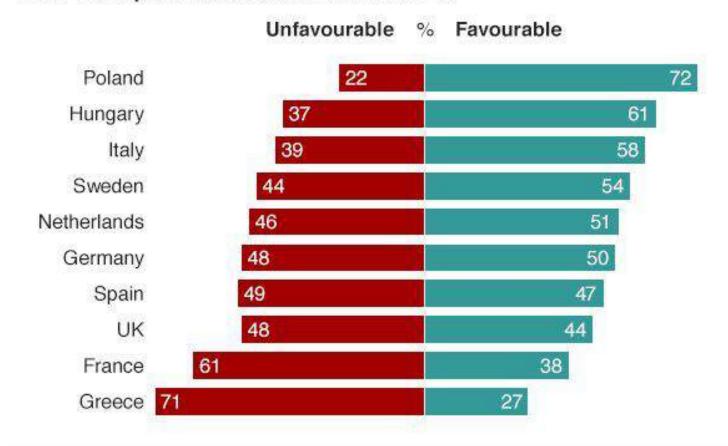
- Poland's parliament adopted a new media law that gives the conservative government more latitude to control state-run television and radio.
- All these anti-democratic changes have challenged the principles of the European Union which is ready to sanction Poland with Article 7 for the first time in history!

What is Article 7?

- An EU infringement procedure to be used against member countries that have committed fundamental rights violations.
- There are two parts Article 7.1 would allow the Council to give a formal warning to any country accused of violating fundamental rights. If that doesn't have the desired effect, Article 7.2 would impose sanctions and suspend voting rights.
- The EU threatened Poland with the suspension of their voting rights.

Will Poland be the next country to leave the EU? Probably not...

How European countries view the EU





- Hungarian Prime Minister Viktor Orban has consolidated power and built an increasingly authoritarian regime.
- Hungary refuses to accept its quota of refugees in the country just like the other member states.
- This leads to having refugees gathered against the razor wire fence Hungary has erected on its border with Serbia.
- The European Union claims to stand for liberal democracy, respect for human dignity, and human rights. With his regime's xenophobic rhetoric and hostile treatment of refugees, Hungary is not respecting these values and encouraging other eastern European governments to follow his example.
- Hungary is a threat to Europe's legal order and has also been threatened with the use of Article 7 but the European Parliament rejected a proposal to impose sanctions.

COUNTRIES THREATENING EU STABILITY SCANDINAVIA NETHERLANDS POLAND GERMANY CZECH. REP FRANCE AUSTRIA HUNGARY SERBIA ITALY



BREXIT AS A DYNAMIC PHENOMENON?

EUROPEAN

PARLIAMENT

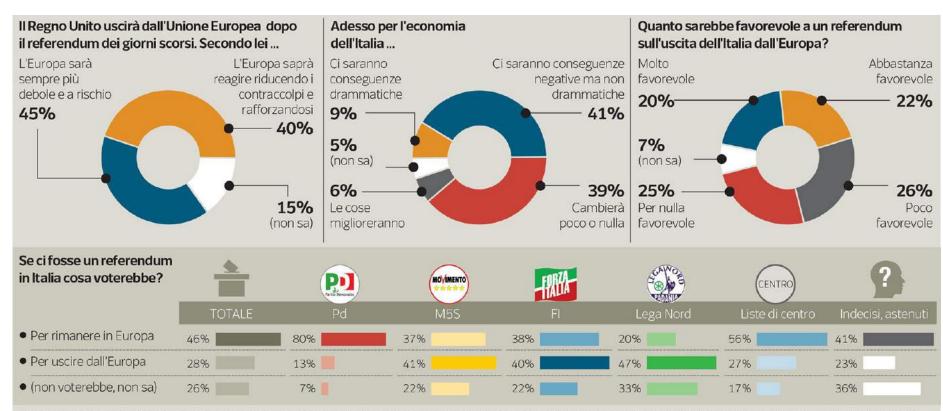
ELECTION

IN 2014

(ITALY)



AFTER BREXIT...

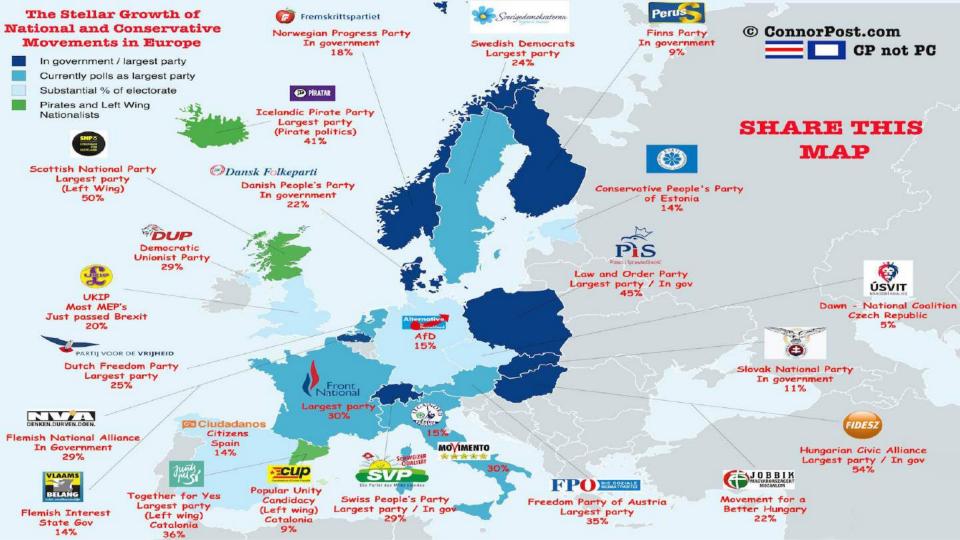


Sondaggio realizzato da Ipsos PA per Corriere della Sera presso un campione casuale nazionale rappresentativo della popolazione milanese maggiorenne secondo genere, età, livello di scolarità, area geografica di residenza, dimensione del comune di residenza. Sono state realizzate 995 interviste (su 10.364 contatti), con metodologia mista CATI/CAWI, tra il 27 e il 28 giugno 2016. Il documento informativo completo riguardante il sondaggio sarà inviato ai sensi di legge, per la sua pubblicazione, al sito www.sondaggipoliticoelettorali.it

populism

(noun)
support for the concerns
of ordinary people.





GROWTH OF EUROSCEPTICISM ACROSS THE CONTINENT







